## STATISTICAL COMMUNIQUE OF HUNAN PROVINCE ON THE 2001 NATIONAL ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT STATISTICAL BUREAU OF HUNAN PROVINCE

## **February 8, 2002**

In 2001, facing the complex international economic environment, under the correct leadership of Hunan Provincial Party Committee and Government, people all over the province uphold the "Three Represent's" important thought, and conscientiously carried out the important decisions and policies formulated by the Central Party Committee and the State Council, concentrated on economic restructuring, advanced agricultural industrialization, industrialization and urbanization energetically, national economy maintained a trend of rapid and healthy development, the social affairs was prosperous and stable, the construction of spiritual civilization was strengthened continuously and the living standards of people was further improved. The beginning of the "Tenth-Five-Year" program was good.

## I General Outlook

The comprehensive strength of the national economy gained further improved. Preliminary statistics indicated that the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) of the province was 398.30 billion yuan, increased by 9.0 percent over the previous year. Of this total, the value-added of the primary industry was 82.6 billion yuan, having increased 4.0 percent; the value-added of the second industry was 157.0 billion yuan, have an increase of 10.0 percent; and that of tertiary industry was 158.7 billion yuan, up by 10.5 percent. The per-capita GDP reached 6054 yuan, up by 8.4 percent. The percentage of the three industries was 20.7:39.4:39.9, comparing with the previous year, the value-added of the primary industry down by 0.6 percentage points, and that of the second industry down 0.2 percentage points as well, the tertiary industry up by 0.8 percentage points.

The price of market appeared a small down. The general level of the residents consumer price for the year had a decrease of 0.9 percent over the previous year, of which, the consumable prices fell by 1.8 percent, the prices for service items went up by 2.5 percent, the range of increase declined 11.1 percentage points over the previous year. Of the consumer price, food price fell by 1.4 percent; clothing fell by 2.6 percent, the price of medical and personal things went down by 0.2 percent, the prices of entertainment and education instrument up by 2.1 percent and the price of education went up 5.4 percent. The index of ex-factory price of industrial products was 99.8 percent, fell by 0.2 percent; the purchasing price for raw material, fuel, and power in industrial enterprises went up by 1.1 percent, the range of increase declined 5.6 percentage point over the previous year. The price of the real estate went up by 1.6 percent.

Work on employment was strengthened. According to statistics from the labor department, by the end of 2001, the number of laid-off workers of state-owned enterprises was 461.2 thousand, a decrease of 7.8 percent as compared with that at the end of 2000. The rate of re-employment of the unemployed people was 11.7 percent,