

thousand hectares, having increased 4.3 percent. Smoke-dust control zones covering an area of 495.2 square kilometers; noise control zones covering an area of 267.7 square kilometers. The percentage of industrial waste water treated, the percentage of the industrial solid waste treated in cities and the percentage of repeated use of industrial water were 27.3 percent, 52.1 percent and 54 percent respectively, increased 9.2, 1.6 and 1.9 percentage points. New achievement was made in overall settlement of Dongting Lake, the ecological environment of the Lake was improved gradually, an area of the Lake was enlarged and the storage capacity was much more after three-year-level the land and store floodwater. But in some areas, the tendency of environmental pollution and ecological deterioration were still not under control.

XII Population

By the end of 2001, the total population reached 65.96 million in the whole province, and had an increase of 338 thousand over the end of the previous year. Of the total population, those living in cities and towns were 20.32 million, and those living in rural areas were 45.64 million. According to sampling survey, in 2001, the crude birth rate was 11.8 per thousand, rose 0.35 per-thousand-points; the crude death rate was 6.7 per thousand; the natural growth rate was 5.1 per thousand, or 0.42 per-thousand-points higher than that of 2000.

According to the estimate based on the Fifth Census, the population of age 0-14 was 14.04 million and accounted for 21.3 percent of the total population; the population of age 15-64 was 46.79 million and accounted for 70.9 percent; the population of age 65 and over reached 5.13 million, and accounted for 7.8 percent, and increased 223.1 thousand people over the previous year. Hunan is gradually facing an aging population problem.

XIII People's Life and Social Security System

According to the sampling survey, the annual per capita disposable incomes of urban households was 6780.56 yuan in 2001, increased by 9 percent, if the change in price's was taken into consideration, the real increase was 10.2 percent. The annual per capita actual expenditure of urban households was 6925.54 yuan, having increased 7.7 percent, if the change in price's was taken into consideration, the real increase was 8.9 percent. The expenditure of urban households was changing to new growth points such as housing, transportation, telecommunication, education and tourism. The annual per capita consumption expenditures was 5546.22 yuan, a growth of 6.3 percent, in which, the growth rate of expenditure on transportation and telecommunication, tourism, education, medicine and medicine services were 20 percent, 67.6 percent, 19.9 percent and 21.6 percent respectively. The annual per capita disposable incomes of rural households 2264.71 yuan in 2001, increased 105.71 yuan, an increase of 4.9 percent, if the change in price's was taken into consideration, the real increase was 5.4 percent. Per capita net incomes of rural households was 2299.46 yuan, increased 102.3 yuan and an increase of 4.7 percent. Among the peasants' net incomes, the incomes from salary reached 840.11 yuan, increased 50.37 yuan; the net incomes from the primary industry was 972.97 yuan, an increase of 34.41 yuan, and from the secondary and tertiary industry was 398.87 yuan, increased 8.33 yuan; the incomes from transfer and property was 52.76 yuan, an increase of 12.6 yuan. The per capita consumption expenditures of rural households was 1990.33 yuan, increased 47.83 yuan, a growth of