

residents reached 312.08 billion yuan, creating an increase of 74.74 billion yuan, or more than 5.37 billion yuan on comparable basis; the savings deposits by enterprises was 118.53 billion yuan, creating an increase of 24.28 billion yuan. The year-end value of loans stood at 390.06 billion yuan, creating an increase of 58.92 billion yuan during this year, or more than 16.45 billion yuan on comparable basis. The long-term and medium-term loans accounted for 152.44 billion yuan, creating an increase of 33.22 billion yuan during this year, and more than 13.01 billion yuan on comparable basis. The consumption loans totalled 22.08 billion yuan, creating an increase of 9.09 billion yuan, and more than 3.62 billion yuan on comparable basis. Of which, the loans for individual housing were 3.43 billion yuan, creating an increase of 9.09 billion yuan, and more than 3.62 billion yuan on comparable basis; and the loans for automobile purchase were 2.77 billion yuan, creating an increase of 1.49 billion yuan, and more than 0.5 billion yuan on comparable basis.

The financing function of stock exchange continued to strengthen. At the end of the year, the number of internal listed companies in Hunan rose to 39, an increase of 3 listed companies. Of which, a listed company issued out new stocks, and two listed companies entered the offshore stock exchange. At the end of the year, the total stock value was 85.9 billion yuan, an increase of 3.9 percent over the previous year. In 2003, funds raised through issuing stocks and share rights were 5.77 billion yuan, increased by 94.2 percent.

The insurance industry gained rapid development. The insurance premium of all the insurance organs of the province reached 10.39 billion yuan, up 21 percent over the previous year. Of this total, the premium of property insurance was 2.01 billion yuan and the premium from health and unforeseen accident insurance was 0.4 billion yuan, up by 8.1 percent and 34.5 percent respectively. The compensation payment reached 2.15 billion yuan, up by 4.9 percent. Of which, the compensation payment from health and unforeseen accident insurance was 0.18 billion yuan, up by 21.7 percent; the compensation payment of property insurance was 1.07 billion yuan, up by 12.4 percent.

IX. Science, Technology and Education

The fruitful results of science and technology emerged continually and newly breakthrough was acquired in science and technology. By the end of 2003, there were 308 independent scientific research institutions at or above county level, among which there were three institutes for social sciences, and 13 institutes for sci-tech intelligence and literature. There were 3 key national laboratories, 7 key labs at the ministerial level, 29 key labs at the province level, six national (ministerial) technical centers, and 17 technical centers at the province level. In 2003, a total of 836 scientific research results were achieved. There were 84 demonstrated enterprises at the province level engaged in the informatization of manufacturing industry, creative breakthrough in the research and industrialization of power-driven automobiles. A significant advance was acquired in the prevention and cure of schistosomiasis. Some 6,080 patent applications were received, of which, 3,100 patents were authorized, up 25.1 percent and 32.1 percent respectively. The development of high-tech industry was speeded up, and the high-tech enterprises realized output value of 9.56 billion yuan, with an increase of 28.5 percent.

New progress was made in geological prospecting and mapping. In 2003, there were 13 newly found places of minerals, and there were 175 geology disasters had been forecasted successfully. There were fruitful results of figure surveying and drawing 21,186 square kilometers per 9556MB provided for economical development. Surveying and mapping departments published 13,851 kinds of maps of various scales.